

National Institute for Public Health and the Environment Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport

PH impact Lyme disease: approach in the Netherlands

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National Institute for Public Health and the Environment *Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport*

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- 2. Doctors and patient questionnaires
- 3. Web-based prospective surveillance
- 4. Clinical study

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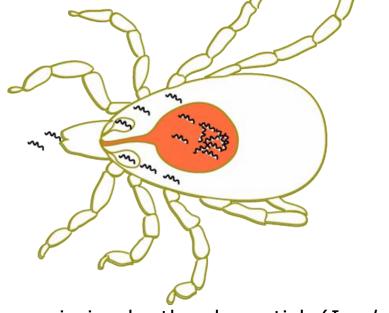


Lyme in the Netherlands



Transmission of Lyme disease

Lyme disease in Europe is caused by the *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu lato group; *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto, *B. afzelii*, *B. garini*

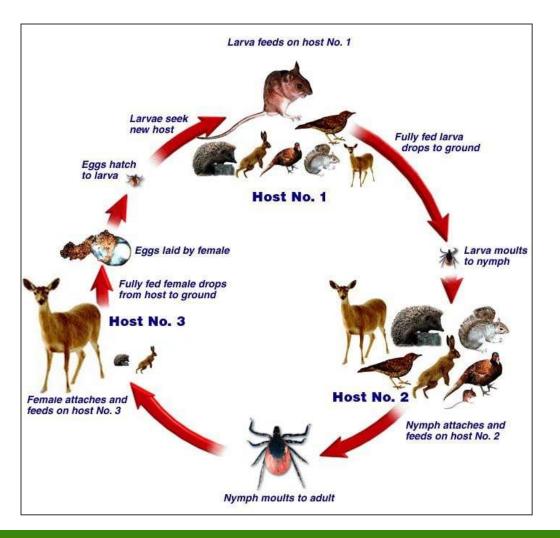


Transmission by the sheep tick (*Ixodes ricinus*).



Tick Cyclus

Humans are dead-end hosts for *Borrelia burgdorferi* s.l.



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Lyme disease

- Early local infection: erythema migrans (EM) 75 - 90% of B. burgdorferi infections
- Early disseminated infection: symptoms of nervous system, skin, joints and heart
- Chronic Lyme borreliosis...





Retrospective GP-study: postal questionnaire All (± 9.000) general practitioners (GP's) in 1995, 2002, 2006 & 2010 received pre-coded questionnaire about previous year

Graag verzoek ik u de volgende vragen te beantwoorden:

- 1. Hoeveel keer bent u in 2005 geconsulteerd voor een tekenbeet?
 - \bigcirc 0 -1
 \bigcirc 25 49

 \bigcirc 2 4
 \bigcirc 50 99

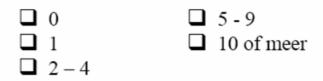
 \bigcirc 5 14
 \bigcirc 100 of meer

 \bigcirc 15 24
- 2. Hoeveel keer bent u in 2005 geconsulteerd voor Erythema Migrans (EM)?
 - \Box 0
 \Box 5 9

 \Box 1
 \Box 10 of meer

 \Box 2 4
 \Box 10 of meer

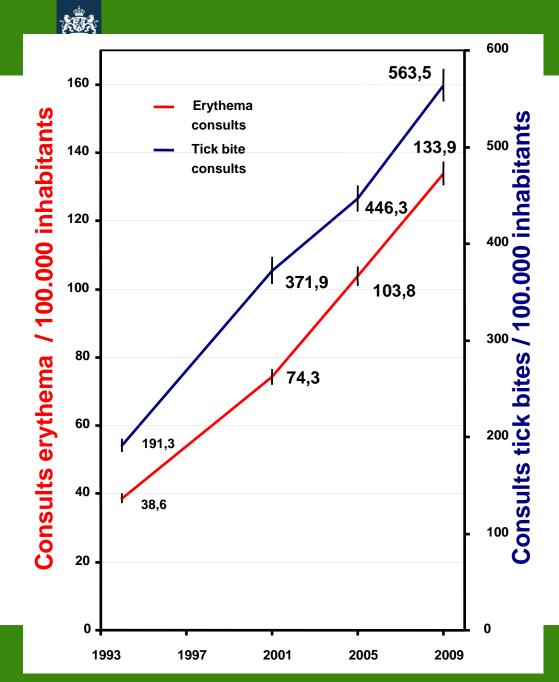
3. Hoeveel keer heeft in 2005 uw vermoeden van Lyme geresulteerd in behandeling in het ziekenhuis?



- 4. Om voornoemde gegevens te interpreteren is het zeer behulpzaam als u uw praktijkomvang wilt aangeven. Hoeveel patiënten staan er ingeschreven in uw praktijk?
 - □ < 1500
 □ 2500 2999
 □ 1500 1999
 □ 3000 of meer
 □ 2000 2499

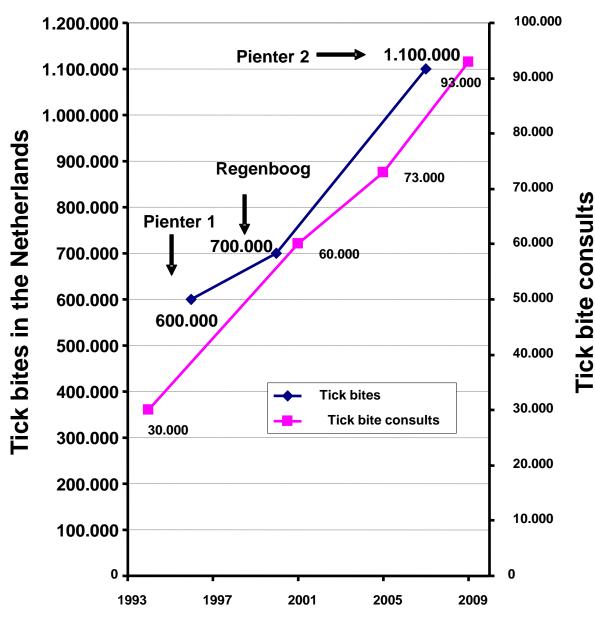
Retrospective GP-study: results

- Population coverage: 88% in 1994 ↓ 65% in 2009
- Tick bite consultations: 30.000 in 1994 ↓
 93.000 in 2009
- EM consultations: 6.000 in 1994 ↓ 22.000 in 2009



Tickbite question in 3 large population studies (>7000)

- Tickbite consultations: 30.000 in 1994 ↓
 93.000 in 2009
- Tickbites estimated:
 450.000 in 1994
 ↓
 1.400.000 in 2009
- Tick bite risk on
 EM ~ Lyme: 1994: 1/75 (1.3~1.6%)
 ↓
 - 2009: 1/65 (1.5~1.8%)

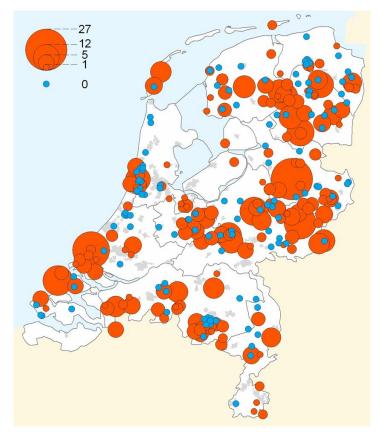


Recorvaniachiwijiiqaara@iiviiiiiii



National Tick Bites Study → GP-based prospective study

- 2007 & 2008
 - 700 cases & 500 controls
 - from 300 selected GPs in hotspot areas for tick bites and EM
 - Ticks collected and tested
- Some results
 - 1.8% (9/499) participants with tickbites developed EM
 - 3.7% (3/82) if Borrelia contaminated
 - 0.55% (1/182) if not Borrelia contaminated
 - In line with GP retrospective study vs 3 large population studies!
 - Tick bite risk on Lyme (EM).
 2009: 1/65 (1.5~1.8%)





Intensified Lyme Project, started in 2011

- Work packages
 - Intervention study
 - Mandatory reporting
 - Public Health Impact
 - Communication to the Public
 - Diagnostics
 - Protocol for medical officers



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After GP-based tick-bites/EM studies

- \rightarrow Why further study PH impact?
 - •Acute manifestations other than EM?
 - •Late manifestations?
 - •Higher risk if no EM?
 - •Burden of disease?
 - •Cost-of-illness?

Policymakers



PH impact: Retrospective doctors and patient questionnaires

incidence & prevalence

burden of disease & cost-of-illness

.....for all Lyme manifestations



Lyme manifestations (acute and late, frequent and rare)

- Erythema migrans (EM)
- Borrelia-lymphocytoma
- Acrodermatitis chronica atrophicans (ACA)
- Neuroborreliosis
- Lyme-artritis
- Lyme-carditis
- Ocular manifestations
- Lyme-encefalopathy
- Persisting Lyme borreliosis
- Persisting complaints after Lyme borreliosis ("post-Lyme" syndrome)



Doctors questionnaires

- ±9000 GPs
- ±1500 Medical officers
- ±5500 Specialists

16.000 total

Similar questions as in earlier GP-questionnaires

 number of patients per Lyme manifestation (2009/2010)
 request to send questionnaires to Lyme patients

→Should result in: annual incidence estimates for all Lyme manifestations

and.....recruitment of patients



Patient questionnaire

- Patients invited by their doctors
 - Lyme complaints in last 12 months
 - 1000-9000 patients....??

 \rightarrow Should result in:

- Risk factors for (more severe) manifestations
- Duration of Lyme manifestations and complaints
- Burden of disease (Health status)
- Costs of illness (Health-care consumption, sick leave)



- Also 9000 controls invited
 - normal incidence of (aspecific) complaints
 - not used for burden of disease and cost of illness



Burden of disease

- DALY's (Disability Adjusted Life Years)
 - DALY = YLL + YLD (YLL=Years of Life Lost, YLD=Years Lived with Disability)
- mortality $YLL = \sum d1 * e1$ d1 = number of fatal Lyme cases
 - e1 = expected life span at age of death
- morbidity $YLD = \sum n1 * t1* dw1$
- n1 = number of cases with Lyme manifestation x
- t1 =duration of Lyme manifestation x

dw1=disability (severity) weight of manifestation x

0=healthy 1=dead (maximum disability)

Disability weights for Lyme.....?



Defining disability weights (0=healthy;1=dead)

- Valuation of e.g. neuroborreliosis
 - Panel of judges
 - Experts
 - > Public
 - Patients
 - Depicting the disease
 - Disease specific

 e.g. valuating disease specific descriptions by a
 panel
 - Generic
 - Validated health state questionnaires
 - Valuation method
 - Visual analogue scale (VAS)
 - > Time trade off (TTO)

for not having a disease/disability, e.g. trade-off 10 years with disease, for 8 healthy years \rightarrow disability weight=0.2

(Haagsma, 2010, DALYs and acute onset disorders)

Disability weights for diseases are available, e.g.:

-Global Burden of Disease study

-Dutch Disability weights study

But Lyme was not included.....

EQ-

5D



EQ-5D health status questionnaire

By placing a tick in one box in each group below, please indicate which statements best describe your own health state today.

Mobility

	I have no problems in walking about	
	I have some problems in walking about	
•	I am confined to bed	

	Self-Care	
	I have no problems with self-care	
	I have some problems washing or dressing myself	
	I am unable to wash or dress myself	
	Usual Activities (e.g. work, study, housework, family or leisure activities)	
	I have no problems with performing my usual activities	
	I have some problems with performing my usual activities	
	I am unable to perform my usual activities	
	Pain/Discomfort	
	I have no pain or discomfort	
	I have moderate pain or discomfort	
	I have extreme pain or discomfort	
	Anxiety/Depression	_
	I am not anxious or depressed	
	I am moderately anxious or depressed	
	I am extremely anxious or depressed	

•5 dimensions (mobility, self-care, usual activities, pain/discomfort, anxiety/depression)

•3 levels per dimension (no problems, moderate problems, extreme problems)

3⁵=243 health states

From health state to disability weight?

•Time-trade-off derived population weight for each element of EQ-5D

E.g. $DW_{confined to bed} = 0.2$

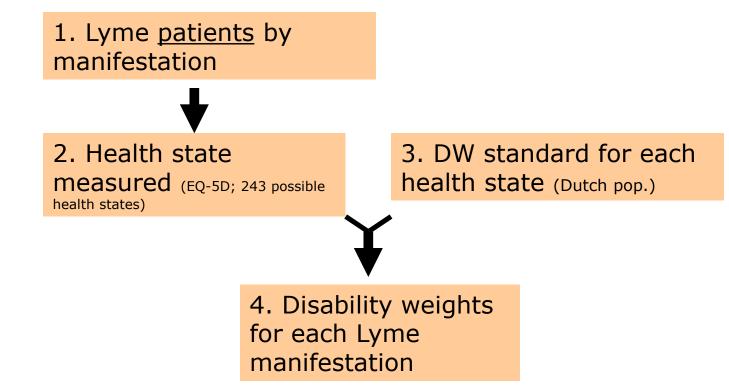
(trade-off 10 years confined to bed, for 8 healthy years; and thus give up 2 years of life for avoiding 10 years confined to bed)

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Defining Lyme disability weights (0=healthy;1=dead)

• In summary

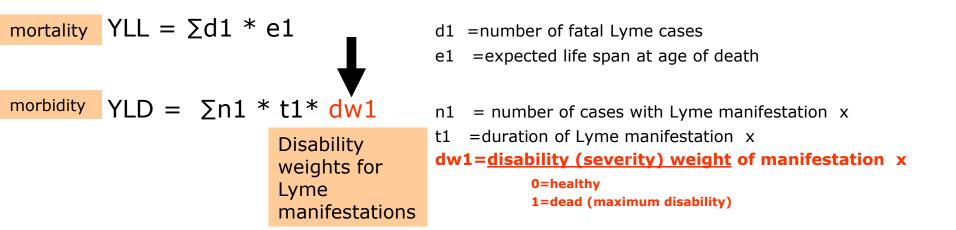




Burden of disease

• DALY's (Disability Adjusted Life Years)

- DALY = YLL + YLD (YLL=Years of Life Lost, YLD=Years Lived with Disability)





Cost-of-illness (COI)

- Attributing costs to a disease
 - Measure all costs for patients and controls
 - > COI=C_{patients}-C_{controls}
 - > E.g. for Alzheimer
 - Measure costs directly related to disease
 - Only patients, no controls
 - > Assuming:
 - patients can distinguish Lyme related costs
 - less recall bias than all costs (12 months in retrospective)



Cost-of-illness (COI)

For each Lyme manifestation

- Direct health-care costs
 - Health care consumption
- > Direct non-health-care costs
 - Transport, housekeeper etc.
- > Indirect non-health-care costs
 - Production loss to society: sick leave

Approach and cost-prices derived from Dutch manual for economical evaluations in health care (www.cvz.nl)



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- → started last week
- Plans for 2012



PH impact: Web-based prospective surveillance

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Web-based prospective surveillance

- Tick-bite/EM patients recruited by internet
 - "Natuurkalender" tick-bite concept
 - + collection of ticks
 - + collection EM pictures
 - + skin samples EM
 - + questionnaires
 - > Entering the study
 - > 3 months
 - > 1 year (or more)

\rightarrow This should result in:

•Risk factors for acute and disseminated LB manifestations

-validation of incidences measured by doctors questionnaire

•Health state over time, medical consumption, sick leave -validation of Disease Burden and Cost-of-Illness, no recall bias





PH impact: Clinical study

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Clinical study

- In collaboration with Hospitals with a Lyme specialization center
- Inclusion of patients with acute and disseminated LB

 \rightarrow Should result in:

- Risk factors to develop long-term sequelae
 - Persisting infection/post-Lyme syndrome?

Multidisciplinary expertises A clinical symptoms/treatment Microbiology Immunology Genetics



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Work packages

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In summary <u>PH impact Lyme study</u>:

•Incidence of Lyme manifestations other than EM

- •Risk factors for more severe disease
- •Burden of Disease
- Cost-of-illness

Conclusions and results

Next year and the years to come......

Toolkit for disease control



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